

## **DOL Penalties Increase for 2024**

www.cbplans.com / 732-992-1500



Issued date: 01/16/24

The Department of Labor ("DOL") has published the annual adjustments for 2024 that increase certain penalties applicable to employee benefit plans.

## Annual Penalty Adjustments for 2024

The following updated penalties are applicable to health and welfare plans subject to ERISA.

| Description  | 2023 Penalty (Old)  | 2024 Penalty (NEW)  |
|--|---|---|
| Failure to file Form 5500  | Up to \$2,586 per day                                     | Up to \$2,670 per day                                     |
| Failure of a MEWA to file reports (i.e., M-1)                              | Up to \$1,881 per day                                     | Up to \$1,942 per day                                     |
| Failure to provide CHIP Notice   | Up to \$137 per day per employee                          | Up to \$141 per day per employee                          |
| Failure to disclose CHIP/Medicaid coordination to the State                | \$137 per day per violation (per participant/beneficiary) | \$141 per day per violation (per participant/beneficiary) |
| Failure to provide SBCs  | Up to \$1,362 per failure                                 | Up to \$1,406 per failure                                 |
| Failure to furnish plan documents (including SPDs/SMMs) to DOL on request  | \$184 per day<br>\$1,846 cap per request                  | \$190 per day<br>\$1,906 cap per request                  |
| Genetic information failures   | \$137 per day<br>(per participant/beneficiary)            | \$141 per day<br>(per participant/beneficiary)            |
| De minimis failures to meet genetic information requirements               | \$3,439 minimum   | \$3,550 minimum   |
| Failure to meet genetic information requirements – not de minimis failures | \$20,641 minimum  | \$21,310 minimum  |
| Cap on unintentional failures to meet genetic information requirements     | \$688,012 maximum   | \$710,310 maximum   |
|  |   |   |

## **Employer Action**

Private employers, including non-profits, should ensure employees receive required notices timely (SBC, CHIP, SPD, etc.) to prevent civil penalty assessments. In addition, employers should ensure Form 5500s are properly and timely filed, if applicable. Finally, employers facing document requests from EBSA should ensure documents are provided timely, as requested.